

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: 09164 EMBLEM REMOVER KIT

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: professional use; product for removing emblems.

Uses advised against: not determined.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier: Nowy Samochód S.A.

Address: ul. Zbyszka Cybulskiego 3, 00-725 Warszawa, PL

Telephone/fax: +48 602-444-356

E-mail address for a competent person responsible for SDS: info@soft99.pl

1.4. Emergency telephone number

112 (general emergency telephone number)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, Carc. 1B H350, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms and signal words



Hazardous components placed on the label

Contains: kerosine (petroleum); solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene; cumene.

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350 May cause cancer.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261 Avoid breathing vapours/spray.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to properly labelled waste containers according to national law.

Additional information

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

Product does not contain components, which meet criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation.

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

CAS number: 8008-20-6 EC number: 232-366-4 Index number: 649-404-00-4 Registration number: —	kerosine (petroleum) Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	55 % ≤ C ≤ 65 %
CAS number: 64742-95-6 EC number: 265-199-0 Index number: 649-356-00-4 Registration number: —	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Asp. Tox. 1 H304 Note P	35 % ≤ C ≤ 45 %
CAS number: 95-63-6 EC number: 202-436-9 Index number: 601-043-00-3 Registration number: —	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	10 % ≤ C ≤ 20 %
CAS number: 108-67-8 EC number: 203-604-4 Index number: 601-025-00-5 Registration number: —	1,3,5-trimethylbenzene¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 <u>Specific concentration limits:</u> STOT SE 3 H335: C ≥ 25%	1 % ≤ C ≤ 10 %
CAS number: 526-73-8 EC number: 208-394-8 Index number: — Registration number: —	1,2,3-trimethylbenzene¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Irrit. 2 H319	C < 5 %
CAS number: 98-82-8 EC number: 202-704-5 Index number: 601-024-00-X Registration number: —	cumene¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, Carc. 1B H350, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	C < 5 %
CAS number: 1330-20-7 EC number: 215-535-7 Index number: 601-022-00-9 Registration number: —	xylene¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Acute Tox. 4 H332	C < 5 %
CAS number: 100-41-4 EC number: 202-849-4 Index number: 601-023-00-4 Registration number: —	ethylbenzene¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373	C < 1 %

CAS number: 91-20-3 EC number: 202-049-5 Index number: 601-052-00-2 Registration number: —	naphthalene ¹⁾ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Carc. 2 H351, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M=1)	C < 1 %
CAS number: 108-88-3 EC number: 203-625-9 Index number: 601-021-00-3 Registration number: —	toluene ¹⁾ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Repr. 2 H361d, STOT RE 2 H373	C < 1 %

¹⁾ Substance with occupational exposure limits established on the European Union level.

Full text of each H phrase is given in section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Contact with skin

Take off contaminated clothing. Wash the exposed parts of the skin thoroughly with water and soap. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms appear.

Contact with eyes

Protect non-irritated eye, remove contact lenses. Rinse contaminated eyes thoroughly with water for 10 - 15 minutes. Avoid powerful water stream – risk of cornea damage. Consult a ophthalmologist if disturbing symptoms appear.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep the head low to avoid aspiration of gastric contents into the lungs. Consult a doctor immediately, show the packaging or label.

After inhalation

Remove the victim to fresh air, keep warm and at rest. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms appear.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Contact with skin

The product may cause redness, burning sensation, irritation, skin dryness.

Contact with eyes

The product may cause burning sensation, irritation, tearing, pain, conjunctival redness.

Ingestion

May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea. The product, if swallowed or after vomiting, may directly penetrate the lungs and cause severe lung damage (aspiration pneumonia).

After inhalation

High concentration of vapours and mists may cause headaches, dizziness, somnolence, cough, respiratory irritation, burning sensation in the throat and nose.

Effects of exposure

May cause cancer.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Physician makes a decision regarding further medical treatment after thoroughly examination of the injured. Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: carbon dioxide, extinguishing foam resistant to alcohols, extinguishing powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: water jet – risk of the propagation of the flame.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During the fire may produce harmful gases containing e.g. carbon monoxides, nitrogen oxides, other hazardous unidentified products of thermal decomposition. Do not inhale combustion products, they can be dangerous for human health.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Flammable liquid and vapour. Personal protection typical in case of fire. Do not stay in the fire zone without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing resistant to chemicals. Vapours are heavier than air, they accumulate in the lower parts of the premises and pose a risk of explosion. Cool down the containers that are endangered by fire with a water spray from a safe distance. Collect used extinguishing media.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Limit the access for the outsiders into the breakdown area, until the suitable cleaning operations are completed. Ensure that only the trained personnel removes the effects of the accident. In case of large spills, isolate the exposed area. Eliminate all sources of ignition - do not use an open flame, do not smoke, do not use sparking tools, etc. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow the product to get into the sewage system, surface waters and soil. In case of release of large amounts of the product, it is necessary to take appropriate steps to prevent it from spreading into the environment. Notify relevant emergency services.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small leakage: collect the spilled product with incombustible absorbing materials (e.g. sand, earth, universal binding agents, silica etc.) and place it in waste containers. Treat the collected material as waste. Clean and ventilate the contaminated area.
Large leakage: isolate places where liquid accumulates; pump the collected liquid out.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Appropriate conduct with waste product – see section 13. Personal protective equipment – see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handle in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Provide general and / or local ventilation in the workplace in order to maintain the concentration of the harmful agent in the air below the established limit values. Use personal protective equipment. Before break and after work wash hands carefully. Do not eat, drink and smoke during the work. Avoid eyes and skin contamination. Eliminate sources of ignition - do not use an open flame, do not smoke, do not use sparking tools and clothes made of fabrics susceptible to static electricity.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from incompatible materials (see subsection 10.5). Keep away from, foodstuffs and animal feed . Keep away from sources of fire. Smoking, using open fire and sparking tools is prohibited in the warehouse.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information about other uses than those mentioned in subsection 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Specification	TWA 8 hour	STEL 15 min	Notation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	100 mg/m ³	-	—
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	100 mg/m ³	-	—

Specification	TWA 8 hour	STEL 15 min	Notation
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene	100 mg/m ³	—	—
cumene	50 mg/m ³	250 mg/m ³	skin
xylene	221 mg/m ³	442 mg/m ³	skin
ethylbenzene	442 mg/m ³	884 mg/m ³	skin
naphthalene	50 mg/m ³	—	—
toluene	192 mg/m ³	384 mg/m ³	skin

Legal Basis: Commission Directive 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU.

Recommended control procedures

Procedures for monitoring concentrations of hazardous components in the air and procedures for monitoring air purity in the workplace should be applied - if available and justified at a given position - in accordance with the relevant national or European Standards, taking into account the conditions at the site of exposure and the appropriate measurement methods adapted to the working conditions. The mode, type and frequency of tests and measurements should meet the requirements of the appropriate laws.

DNEL and PNEC

Not applicable.

8.2. Exposure controls

Industrial hygiene

Use the product in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, drink and smoke during the work. Before break and after work wash hands carefully. Ensure adequate general and/or local ventilation at the workplace. Do not allow vapours to concentrate in the air and to create concentrations within the limits of explosive properties or exceeding the OEL values. If during work processes there is a risk of clothing fire on the employee - no more than 20 m in a horizontal line from the stations where these processes are performed, emergency showers (safety showers) for washing the whole body and separate showers (showers) for eye washing should be installed.

Individual protection measures

The necessity to use and the selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should take into account the type of risk posed by the product, working conditions and the way of handling the product. The personal protective equipment used must meet the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the relevant standards. The employer is obliged to provide protection measures appropriate to the activities performed and meeting all quality requirements, including their maintenance and cleaning. Any contaminated or damaged PPE must be replaced immediately.

Hand protection

Use protective gloves resistant to chemicals according to EN 374. Select the material for the gloves individually at the workplace. Recommended material for gloves: PVC.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product. The choice of material for protective gloves should be made taking into account the breakthrough times, permeation rate and degradation. Moreover, the selection of the appropriate gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. The exact breakthrough time has to be obtained from the glove manufacturer and it must be observed.

Body protection

Depending on the performed task, use protective clothing appropriate to the potential hazard. In case of a prolonged contact with the product, use protective clothing made of coated or impregnated fabrics.

Eye protection

Use safety glasses in accordance with EN 166.

Respiratory protection

If the OEL value is exceeded, appropriate respiratory protection equipment should be selected, taking into account: the concentration of oxygen in the air, the type of pollutants present in the air and their physical and chemical properties, the location and range of concentrations of harmful substances and gases, working conditions, loads and their duration, air temperature and humidity.

Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent direct release to drains/ surface waters. Do not contaminate surface waters and drainage ditches with chemicals or used containers. Released product or uncontrolled spills to surface waters should be reported to appropriate authorities in accordance with local and national legislations. Dispose as chemical waste, in accordance with local and national legislation.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	liquid
Colour:	colourless
Odour:	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	140-310 °C (CAS: 8008-20-6)
Flammability:	flammable
Lower and upper explosion limit:	0,5-7 % vol. (CAS: 8008-20-6)
Flash point:	40 °C (CAS: 8008-20-6)
Auto-ignition temperature:	240 °C (CAS: 8008-20-6)
Decomposition temperature:	not determined
pH:	not determined
Kinematic viscosity:	not determined
Solubility:	not soluble in water
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	not applicable
Vapour pressure:	not determined
Density and/or relative density:	0,815 (25 °C)
Relative vapour density:	not determined
Particle characteristics:	not applicable

9.2. Other information

No additional tests.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Product is reactive. It does not go under hazardous polymerization. Product's vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. See also subsection 10.3-10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product reacts exothermically with strong oxidants.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat sources, open flames, sparking tools and direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with following materials: strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

kerosine (petroleum) [CAS 8008-20-6]	
LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	> 5,28 mg/l/4h
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene [CAS 95-63-6]	
LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	18 mg/m ³ /4h
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	5000 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ (skin, rat)	3440 mg/kg
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene [CAS 108-67-8]	
LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	24 mg/l
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	6000 mg/kg mc
LD ₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	> 2000mg/kg mc
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene [CAS 526-73-8]	
LDL ₅₀ (oral, rat)	10 mL/kg
cumene [CAS 98-82-8]	
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	2700 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	> 3160 mg/kg
xylene [CAS 1330-20-7]	
LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	6700 ppm/4h
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	3523 mg/kg
ethylbenzene [CAS 100-41-4]	
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	3500 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	17,8 ml/kg
naphthalene [CAS 91-20-3]	
LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	> 340 mg/m ³ /1h
LD ₅₀ (oral, mouse)	533 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ (oral, guinea pig)	1200 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg
toluene [CAS 108-88-3]	
LC ₅₀ (inhalation, rat)	25,7 mg/l/4h
LD ₅₀ (oral, rat)	5580 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg

Mixture	
ATE _{mix} (skin)	> 2000 mg/kg
ATE _{mix} (inhalation, vapours)	> 20 mg/l
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. Product vapours may cause headaches, dizziness and drowsiness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

The product, if swallowed or after vomiting, may directly penetrate the lungs and cause severe lung damage (aspiration pneumonia).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Exposure route: eye exposure, skin exposure, inhalation, ingestion. For more information on the impact of each possible route of exposure, see subsection 4.2.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

See subsection 4.2 of the SDS.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

See subsection 4.2 of the SDS.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

Other information

No data on other hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene [CAS 95-63-6]		
LC ₅₀ (fish)	7,72 mg/l / 96 h / <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	method: —
LC ₅₀ (invertebrates)	3,6 mg/l / 48 h / <i>Daphnia magna</i>	method: —

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene [CAS 95-63-6]		
LC ₅₀ (fish)	7,72 mg/l / 96 h / <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	method: —
EC ₅₀ (algae)	2,356 mg/l / 96 h / —	method: —
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene [CAS 108-67-8]		
LC ₅₀ (fish)	12,52 mg/l / 96 h / <i>Carassius auratus</i>	method: —
LC ₅₀ (daphnia)	6,0 mg/l / 48 h / <i>Daphnia magna</i>	method: —
EbC ₅₀ (algae)	25 mg/l / 48 h / <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i>	method: —
cumene [CAS 98-82-8]		
LC ₅₀ (fish)	4,7 mg/l / 96 h / <i>Cyprinodon variegatus</i>	method: EPA OTS 797.1400
EC ₅₀ (invertebrates)	2,14 mg/l / 48 h / <i>Daphnia magna</i>	method: OECD 202 / EU C.2
NOEC (invertebrates)	0,35 mg/l / 21 days / <i>Daphnia magna</i>	method: OECD 211
EC ₅₀ (algae)	1,29 mg/l / 72 h / <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	method: OECD 201 / EU C.3
EC ₅₀ (microorganisms)	> 2000 mg/l / 3 h / —	method: OECD 209 / EU C.11
ethylbenzene [CAS 100-41-4]		
LC ₅₀ (fish)	5,1 mg/l / 96 h / <i>Menidia menidia</i>	method: —
EC ₅₀ (invertebrates)	1,8 - 2,4 mg/l / 48 h / <i>Daphnia magna</i>	method: —
EC ₅₀ (algae)	5,4 mg/l / 72 h / <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i>	method: —
naphthalene [CAS 91-20-3]		
LC ₅₀ (fish)	0,9 mg/l / 96 h / —	method: —
NOEC (fish)	0,12 mg/l / 40 days / <i>Oncorhynchus gorboscha</i>	method: —
EC ₅₀ (invertebrates)	2,16 mg/l / 48 h / <i>Daphnia sp.</i>	method: —
NOEC (invertebrates)	0,6 mg/l / 42-90 days / <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	method: —
EC ₅₀ (algae)	2,96 mg/l / 4 h / <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	method: —
IC ₅₀ (microorganisms)	29 mg/l / 24 h / <i>Nitrosomonas sp.</i>	method: —
toluene [CAS 108-88-3]		
LC ₅₀ (fish)	5,5 mg/l / 96 h / <i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i>	method: —
NOEC (fish)	1,39 mg/l / 40 days / <i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i>	method: —
NOEC (invertebrates)	0,74 mg/l / 7 days / <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	method: —
EC ₅₀ (microorganisms)	84 mg/l / 24 h / <i>Nitrosomonas sp.</i>	method: —
Mixture		
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

1,3,5-trimethylbenzene CAS 108-67-8	Biodegradable	59%/28 d	method: OECD 301 F
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cumene CAS 98-82-8	Easily biodegradable	70%/20 days	method: —
ethylbenzene CAS 100-41-4	Easily biodegradable	70-80%/28 days	method: —
naphthalene CAS 91-20-3	Easily biodegradable	> 74%/28 days	method: OECD 301 C

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene CAS 95-63-6	log Po/w = 3,63	method: —
	BCF = 243	method: —
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene CAS 108-67-8	log Po/w = 3,42	method: —
	BCF = —	method: —
cumene CAS 98-82-8	log Po/w = 3,55	method: OECD 107
	BCF = —	method: —
ethylbenzene CAS 100-41-4	log Po/w = 3,6	method: EU A.8
	BCF = —	method: —
naphthalene CAS 91-20-3	log Po/w = 3,7	method: —
	BCF = 168	method: —
toluene CAS 108-88-3	log Po/w = 2,73	method: —
	BCF = 90	method: —

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility of components of the mixture in soil depends on the hydrophilic and hydrophobic properties and biotic and abiotic conditions of soil, including its structure, climatic conditions, seasons and soil organisms.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not contain components, which meet criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

12.7. Other adverse effects

The mixture is not classified as hazardous to the ozone layer. Consider other harmful effects of individual components of the mixture on the environment (eg, global warming potential).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recommendations for the product

The waste product should be recovered or disposed of in authorized incineration plants or waste disposal / neutralization plants, in accordance with applicable regulations. Do not empty into drains.

Recommendations for used packaging

Reuse / recycle / eliminate empty containers in accordance with the local legislation. Only completely empty containers can be reused.

EU legal acts: directives of the European Parliament and of the Council: 2008/98 / EC as amended and 94/62 / EC as amended.

Recommended waste codes

The waste code should be assigned at the place of its formation.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

UN 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

[1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE, Kerosine (Petroleum)]

IMDG

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

[1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE, Kerosine (Petroleum)]

ICAO/IATA

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

[1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE, Kerosine (Petroleum)]

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

3

14.4. Packing group

III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR yes

IMDG yes

ICAO/IATA yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Use personal protective equipment according to section 8 when handling the product. Avoid sources of heat and fire.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

Additional data

ADR	limited quantity LQ	5 L
	transport category	3
	tunnel restriction code	D/E
IMDG	limited quantity LQ	5 L
	EmS code	F-E, S-E
ICAO/IATA	packing instruction (LQ)	Y344
	limited quantity (LQ)	10 L
	packing instruction, passenger	355
	maximum quantity, passenger	60 L
	packing instruction, cargo	366
	maximum quantity, cargo	220 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ADR Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

IMDG Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations

1907/2006/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (as amended).

1272/2008/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (as amended).

2020/878/EU COMMISSION REGULATION of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals..

91/322/EEC Commission Directive of 29 May 1991 on establishing indicative limit values by implementing Council Directive 80/1107/EEC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical, physical and biological agents at work.

2000/39/EC COMMISSION DIRECTIVE of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

2006/15/EC COMMISSION DIRECTIVE of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC.

2009/161/EU COMMISSION DIRECTIVE of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC.

2017/164/EU COMMISSION DIRof 31 January 2017 establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU.

2019/1831/EU COMMISSION DIRECTIVE of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC.

2008/98/EC DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives (as amended).

European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste as amended

2016/425/EU REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 9 March 2016 on personal protective equipment and repealing Council Directive 89/686/EEC.

Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII, REACH): toluene.

The components of the mixture are not included in Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H phrases mentioned in section 3

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Note P	The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (Einesc No 200-753-7).

Clarification of abbreviations and acronyms

ADR	Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
DIN	German Institute for Standardization
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level.
EC ₅₀	(median effective concentration) - statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in an environmental medium that can cause specific effects in 50% of the tested organisms of a given population under certain conditions.
EN	European standard
IATA	The International Air Transport Association.
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LC ₅₀	Concentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.
LD ₅₀	Dose of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.
NOEC	The highest concentration that does not cause a statistically significant adverse effect in the exposed population, when compared with its appropriate control.
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PBT	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.
PNEC	Predicted no-effect concentration.
RID	The Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
vPvB	Very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity - category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute - category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic - category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic - category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard - category 1
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity - category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity - category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation - category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid - category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid - category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity - category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure - category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure - category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation - category 2

Trainings

Before commencing working with the product, the user should learn the Health & Safety regulations, regarding handling chemicals, and in particular, undergo a proper workplace training. Personnel related with the transport of hazardous substances in accordance with the ADR agreement should be trained and should obtain proper certification in a range of their obligations (general training, workplace training, safety training).

Key literature references and sources of data

This SDS was prepared on the basis of the safety data sheet provided by the manufacturer, literature data, online databases (e.g. ECHA, TOXNET, COSING), our knowledge and experience, taking into account the current legislation.

Procedures used for the mixture classification according with Regulation 1272/2008/EC as amended

Flam. Liq. 3 H226	on basis of test data
Asp. Tox. 1 H304	calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2 H315	calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2 H319	calculation method
STOT SE 3 H335	calculation method
STOT SE 3 H336	calculation method
Carc. 1B H350	calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	calculation method

Additional information

Changes:	section: 1-16
SDS issued by:	THETA Consulting Sp. z o.o.

The information above is based on a current available data concerning the product, but also on the experience and knowledge in this field of the producer. They are neither a quality description of the product nor a guarantee of particular features. They are to be treated as aid to safety in transport, storage and usage of the product. That does not free the user from the responsibility of improper usage of the information above and also of improper compliance with the law norms in the field.